

Commercial.

THIS DAY.

Business is very quiet in the Share Market to-day, the only transaction which came under our notice being a sale of China Sugars at 145 for the end of the year. Banks are rather weaker, offers to sell at the reduced rate of 189 premium failing to induce buyers to invest. Nothing else requires special mention.

SHARES.

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank—100 per share, 189 per cent. premium, sellers.
Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$625 per share, buyers.
China Traders' Insurance Company—\$73 per share, buyers.
North China Insurance—1,400 per share, Canton Insurance Company, Limited—\$112 per share.
Yangtze Insurance Association—1015 per share, sellers.
Chinese Insurance Company—\$215 per share, sellers.
On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—150 per share.
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company—\$355 per share, buyers.
China Fire Insurance Company—\$370 per share, sellers.
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company—57 per cent. premium.
Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.—\$50 per share, premium, buyers.
China and Manila Steam Ship Company—118 per share.
Hongkong Gas Company—\$80 per share.
Hongkong Hotel Company—\$150 per share, buyers.
Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited—25 per cent. div., buyers.
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$142 per share, sellers.
China Sugar Refining Company (Debtentures)—2 per cent. premium.
Luton Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$82 per share, buyers.
Hongkong Ice Company—\$155 per share, sellers.
Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited—\$80 per share, buyers.
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1878—1 per cent. prem. ex. int.
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1881—2 per cent. prem.

EXCHANGE.

ON LONDON.—Bank, T. T. 3/21
Bank Bills, on demand 3/8
Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight 3/8
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight 3/8
Credits, at 4 months' sight 3/8
Documentary Bills, at 4 months' sight 3/8
ON PARIS.—Bank Bills, on demand 4/6
Credits, at 4 months' sight 4/7
ON HAMBURG.—Bank, T. T. 22 1/2
ON CALCUTTA.—Bank, T. T. 22 1/2
ON SHANGHAI.—Bank, sight 72 1/2
Private, 30 days' sight 73 1/2

OPIUM MARKET.—THIS DAY.

NEW MALWA, per picul, \$535
OLD MALWA, per picul, \$575
NEW PATNA, high touch (without choice) per chest, \$572 1/2
NEW PATNA, high touch (first choice) per chest, \$575
NEW PATNA, high touch (bottom) per chest, \$577 1/2
NEW PATNA, high touch (second choice) per chest, \$570
NEW PATNA, low touch (without choice) per chest, \$570
NEW PATNA, low touch (first choice) per chest, \$572 1/2
NEW PATNA, low touch (bottom) per chest, \$575
NEW PATNA, low touch (second choice) per chest, \$567 1/2
OLD PATNA, per chest, \$562 1/2
NEW BENARES, high touch (without choice) per chest, \$560
NEW BENARES, high touch (bottom) per chest, \$565
NEW PERSIAN (best quality) per picul, \$485 @ \$525
OLD PERSIAN (best quality) per picul, \$375 @ \$400
OLD PERSIAN (second quality) per picul, \$265 @ \$325

HONGKONG TEMPERATURE.

(FROM MESSRS. FALCONER & CO.'S REGISTER.)

Barometer—P.M.	Thermometer—P.M.	Thermometer—P.M.	Thermometer—P.M.	Thermometer—P.M.	Thermometer—P.M.
30.15	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
30.10	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
30.05	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
30.00	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.95	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.90	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.85	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.80	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.75	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.70	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.65	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.60	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.55	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.50	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.45	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.40	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.35	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.30	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.25	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.20	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.15	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.10	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.05	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
29.00	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.95	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.90	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.85	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.80	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.75	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.70	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.65	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.60	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.55	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.50	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.45	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.40	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.35	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.30	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.25	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.20	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.15	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.10	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.05	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
28.00	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.95	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.90	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.85	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.80	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.75	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.70	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.65	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.60	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.55	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.50	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.45	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.40	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.35	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.30	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.25	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.20	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.15	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.10	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.05	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
27.00	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.95	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.90	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.85	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.80	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.75	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.70	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.65	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.60	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.55	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.50	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.45	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.40	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.35	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.30	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.25	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.20	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.15	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.10	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.05	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
26.00	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.95	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.90	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.85	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.80	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.75	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.70	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.65	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.60	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.55	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.50	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.45	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.40	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.35	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.30	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.25	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.20	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.15	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.10	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.05	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
25.00	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.95	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.90	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.85	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.80	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.75	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.70	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.65	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.60	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.55	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.50	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.45	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.40	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.35	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.30	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.25	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.20	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.15	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.10	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.05	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
24.00	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.95	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.90	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.85	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.80	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.75	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.70	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.65	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.60	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.55	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.50	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.45	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.40	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.35	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.30	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.25	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.20	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.15	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.10	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.05	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
23.00	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.95	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.90	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.85	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.80	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.75	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.70	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.65	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.60	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.55	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.50	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.45	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.40	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.35	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.30	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.25	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.20	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.15	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.10	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.05	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
22.00	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
21.95	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
21.90	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
21.85	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
21.80	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
21.75	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
21.70	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
21.65	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
21.60	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
21.55	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
21.50	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
21.45	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
21.40	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
21.35	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
21.30	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0

Intimations.

A. S. WATSON & CO.
FAMILY AND DISPENSING
CHEMISTS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
PERFUMERS,
IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS
OF
MANILA CIGARS,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
AND
MANUFACTURERS
OF
AERATED WATERS.
THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.
THE SHANGHAI PHARMACY,
24, NANKIN ROAD, SHANGHAI.
BOTICA INGLESA,
14, ESCOLTA, MANILA.
THE CANTON DISPENSARY, CANTON.
THE DISPENSARY, FOCHOW. [3]

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1883.

THE excited controversy which has recently been raging along the Pacific Coast, and in other parts of the United States, in consequence of the different judicial decisions lately given as to the scope of the Chinese Exclusion Act passed by Congress a year ago, has doubtless been observed with attention by our local merchants and shippers interested in the traffic between Hongkong and California. And the further development of this technical difficulty in excluding the Chinese from the United States, a difficulty as unexpected as it was unforeseen, will be closely watched. The London Daily News, in dealing with the matter from a legal point of view, after remarking that the much enduring individual picturesquely described by Mr. DAN KEARNEY as the "leprous heathen," is causing the United States Law Courts a great deal of annoyance, very impartially reviews the salient features of the judicial decisions which have brought about the present deadlock.

Our contemporary refers to the late decision in the Circuit Court at San Francisco, which ruled that Chinese born at Hongkong claiming to be British subjects have no right to enter the United States in defiance of the Chinese Exclusion Act passed by Congress, and points out that this, on the face of it, seems to be a flat contradiction of the decision given the other day by Judge NELSON, of the Circuit Court at Boston, in the celebrated case of An Song, but admits that it is just possible that there may be an explanation forthcoming of the seeming discrepancy. An Song, it will be remembered, was a ship's carpenter, who ran away from service and settled in Boston. When the authorities tried to remove him under the provisions of the Chinese Exclusion Act, his counsel argued that as he was born in Hongkong after it was ceded to England, he was not "a Chinese labourer" in terms of the Act, because he was not, and never had been, a subject of the Emperor of China. This argument convinced the Court, and as the bulk of the immigrants from China are British subjects, or would claim to be such, it was obvious that the traditional coach-and-six had been driven through the Exclusion Act. Californians were of course indignant, and it is to be hoped that the judgment of the Circuit Court of San Francisco has not been influenced by their outcry against Judge NELSON.

There is not the least doubt that Judge NELSON took the only possible view of the one point at issue which a lawyer could take. That point is this:—Is there anything in the Act of 1882 to show that it was meant to apply to Chinamen not subjects of the Chinese Emperor? To us it seems impossible to say that there is. The Act cites as its *raison d'être* the fifth and sixth clauses of the once famous Burlingame Treaty, by which China and the United States agreed to let each other's subjects come and go in each other's territory on terms of reciprocity. It cites the supplementary treaty with China of 17th November, 1880, by which it was agreed that this absolute right of her subjects to reside in the United States might be modified, and it was under this stipulation Congress gained power to pass the prohibitory measures which were contemplated in this treaty, and which it passed last year. But all through, it is plain that the purpose of the Exclusion Act is to apply these measures only to the persons to whom the two treaties refer—that is, to subjects of the Emperor of China. Hence, as Judge NELSON, of Massachusetts, said in his judgment, "the term Chinese labourers, as used in the Act, must have the same

signification as when used in the treaty, and must be held to mean the subjects of the Government of China to whom the provisions of the treaty relate." It is therefore absurd to pretend that the Act of 1882 can apply to Chinamen who are subjects of the Queen of England, and yet this is what the Circuit Court of San Francisco had ruled. It may, however, be that what the Californian Court means to lay down is that Chinamen must not be manufactured into British subjects, for the purpose of getting privilege of residence in San Francisco—that a Chinaman born in Hong Kong before the place was ceded to the English, or not born there at all, but naturalised as a British subject, is in a different position from An Song as regard status—that he is, in fact, still within the scope of the Exclusion Act of 1882. That would raise one or two nice points in international law, and it is not a contention easy to substantiate. But unlike the reported ruling of Judge FIELD of San Francisco, it is not utterly untenable.

TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, November 5th.
MINISTERIAL MOVEMENTS IN FRANCE.
The French Minister of Foreign Affairs has left Paris, and has been replaced by the President of the Council of Ministers.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

AS WILL be noted from the programme published in another column, the Amoy Race Meeting has been fixed for the 7th and 8th of January next.

THE P. and O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Kepaul*, with the next English mail, left Singapore for this port on the 3rd instant, and may be expected to arrive here on the 9th.

WILLIAM AUSTIN, 30, of England, a marine on board the *Victor Emanuel*, wearing two good conduct badges, was committed for trial at the Supreme Court this morning by Mr. Wodehouse, on suspicion of having set fire to some bedding in a room on the 3rd floor of licensed brothel No. 35, Stanley Street, on the night of the 2nd instant. It appears the prisoner was anxious to make his defence at the Police Court, but on the advice of his friends he resented it.

THE following charters have been effected in Amoy during the past fortnight:—*Guiding Star*, 8,000 peculs Newchang and Amoy, 25 day days, 18 cents per pecul; *Annie*, 423 tons register, to Samarang and Sourabaya, 25 day days, \$1,500; *Hermine*, 7,000 peculs, hence to Bankok, 7 day days, \$325; *Chateaubriand*, 10,000 peculs, Singapore to Shanghai, \$3,900; *Chateaubriand*, 10,000 peculs, hence to Singapore, 10 day days, \$450; *Brunette*, 10,000 peculs, hence to Singapore, 10 day days, \$500.

A TOUCHING story of a mother's devotion comes from Belgium. The wife of a gateman on the line between Sottegem and Alost was attending to her husband's duty when her little boy strayed in front of a fast train. Without a moment's hesitation the mother sprang across the rails, and, seizing her child, tossed it into the bank the very second before she was caught by the locomotive and killed. It is well to know that the brave woman did not die in vain; the child escaped with a few bruises.

THREE seamen of the American ship *Wildwood*, named Olson, Murphy, and Stephen, were sentenced by Captain Thomsen this morning to three months' hard labour each, at the order of the Captain, for deserting from their ship. They each positively refused to return to duty. Upon the last occasion they were sent on board in charge of the police, and then complained of ill treatment at the hands of the 1st and 2nd mates, and also in respect to their food. There would seem to be something rotten in the state of Denmark.

FROM what we hear, the Hongkong Artillery Volunteers appear to be doing a good deal of work in a quiet way. We learn that on Saturday afternoon next, the squad will parade at Kowloon and go through various gun drill movements with mountain pieces. After the parade the Volunteers will be regaled with a spread in Mr. Chater's bungalow, provided by the officers of the corps. We also hear that another battery will soon be formed, and are very pleased that such is the case. The Volunteer movement, which seems to have hung fire for some time past, would now appear to be receiving that attention which it justly deserves from the young men of the colony.

WE are sorry to hear that the Temperance Hall is in a bad way so far as funds are concerned. With a view to improve the undesirable existing state of affairs, it has been resolved to give monthly concerts, commencing on the 15th inst., when a small charge for admission will be made, to enable this eminently deserving institution to keep pace with the times. The concerts will be under the management of Mr. James Francis, who has previously conducted these entertainments with much tact and ability. As many of our talented amateurs have lent their aid in times past to keep the Temperance Hall going, it is to be hoped they will readily come forward now that there is more urgent need of help. We are glad to learn that several talented ladies and gentlemen have already promised their help, and that some members of the Choral Society have expressed their willingness to assist. Such an undertaking as this is worthy of all support, and as the Temperance Hall concerts have hitherto been of a high class, and most excellently conducted, we hope the present campaign will meet with all the success it deserves.

JUST as we were going to press the Russian frigate *Duke of Edinburgh* steamed out of the harbor through the Ly-co-moon Pass.

THERE are reported to be two policemen in the New York force who decline proffered cigars. Barnum is on his way to the Empire city as fast as steam will take him, and has offered Jumbo for sale.

KANKAKEE has a justice who beats them all in the way of doing up a job of matrimonial splicing with neatness and despatch. This is his formula:—"Have 'er?" "Yes." Have 'im?" "Yes." "Married, 2 dols."

AT Conway, in Wales, there is a monument erected in the church to the memory of a dead worthy, Alderman Hoopes. His epitaph consists of the following sentence:—"He was the father of twenty-seven children, and was the forty-first child of his father."

WE read that at Balmoral workmen were busily engaged preparing a foundation for the statue of the late John Brown, which was to be erected by command of the Queen. It was expected that the work would be ready early in October. The site is south of Balmoral, and visible from the windows of the castle.

ONCE again the United States is to the fore. A celebrated embryologist has solved the problem of cultivating oysters artificially by means of impregnated eggs. In this way he has in forty-six days grown many millions of oysters three-quarters of an inch in diameter. By his system one oyster can be induced to produce ten million eggs in a year. Hoorah!

THE wife of the ex-King of Portugal, and, therefore, the stepmother of the present King, was Miss Elise Hensler, once the leading singer in King's Chapel, Boston. She was appointed Court Singer to the King and Queen of Portugal soon after her appearance in grand opera at Lisbon, and was organically united to the King upon the death of the Queen.

"So the engagement is broken off?" queried the first young lady as they sat down in the carriage. "Yes." "And you have sent back all his letters?" "Every one." "And the locket?" "Yes." "And the diamond ring?" "Yes." "I wouldn't have done it. I'd have kept the ring anyhow." "Well, I did intend to; but the Jeweller said the stones were only glass."

THE Sydney *Bulletin* says that Lillian Russell, known in America as the "Queen of the Dudes," and who is now causing a good deal of sensation in London by her beauty, has never been distinguished by any particular moral lustre of character; in fact, it is notorious that she is quite as frail as she is fair, and that's saying a good deal. Lovely Lillian's little *faches*, however, need scarcely be wondered at when her mother's opinions are known. This unconventional mamma "believes strongly in propagation on purely scientific principles, and strongly condemns marriage." She thinks that girls should not be subordinate to husbands, but should be self-reliant and independent, entering into social partnerships when they desire and terminating them for the same easy reasons. As, out of five daughters, three of them, who are married, are all separated from their husbands; while, on the other hand, Lillian, without marrying at all, has been separated twice as often as the other three put together; it would seem that as far as self-reliance goes, Lillian's mother's daughters have admirably fulfilled their mama's expectations.

THE Sydney *Bulletin* compliments the charming Beaudet as follows:—"And now a paragraph or two about the Gaiety. We went to see 'Blow for Blow' on Saturday night. It was funny to an extent. Johnny Hall was funny, Jessie Grey was funny, and little Louise funnier than all. If Miss Beaudet were a man, instead of being the fairy that she is, we would humbly suggest to her that there is such a thing as being too tragic. True passion is neither pyrotechnic nor pompous. Some actors and actresses are like some singers—they think to make up by volume of voice for what they lack in tone. Rigidity of utterance might become a ghost from the other world, but it does not become a being of flesh and blood in this. Miss Beaudet goes to such a tragic pitch that she says the most ordinary things in a hollow, funeral way, which at first makes one imagine she is reciting the service for the dead. 'John Derumond!' 'Mildred Kerdradock!' Why this? We are sadly afraid Miss Beaudet has fallen into an evil style. But she is amusing. When she towers to her full height in a spasm of passion, she looks like an excited canary. We are sorry to have to say this—and then the critic lapses into poetry, which, being slightly inferior to Byron at his best, scarcely merits reproduction.

CAPTAIN DREYER, who has been staying at Dover with the expressed intention of crossing the Channel in a boat exhibited by him at the Fisheries Exhibition, launched on Sept. 13, from the Admiralty Pier, a raft, constructed of an eighteen-gallon cask and a rough wooden framework, with the intention of drifting with the tide to Folkestone. Mr. Dreyer, who advocates the raft as a means of saving life at sea in case of an emergency, stood in the barrel, took no provisions of any kind, and, with the exception of a single ear, cast himself, adrift to the mercy of wind and tide. There was a strong north-easterly wind during the night, and as no tidings could be had of him, the adventure, which was regarded as a foolhardy one, was thought to have cost Mr. Dreyer his life. About midday on the 14th, however, the steamer *Blythville* put into the bay and signalled the missing man and his raft. It seems that the steamer fell in with him in mid-channel near the Varne Lightship, and except that he was wet about the lower part of the body and somewhat exhausted, Mr. Dreyer was none the worse for his cruise, and his raft was in the same condition as when he left Dover the previous night. He states that he drifted past Folkestone, and when the tide set in to the eastward he was carried farther to sea.

SOME land in the city of London was lately sold at the rate of \$3,300,000 an acre.

COLONEL Montgomery, commanding the expedition to Zululand, has succumbed to the effects of a snake bite. While hunting near the Lower Tugela on horseback he was bitten above the boot. Colonel Hawthorne has assumed the command pending the arrival of Colonel Curtis, of the Inniskillings.

CARDINAL Manning is shortly expected at the Vatican. It is understood that his Eminence, besides treating upon certain personal questions, will discuss with the Vatican the establishment of a Catholic university in London. He will bring to the Pope a considerable amount in Peter's Pence.

It is believed that at the next Consistory, to be held in March 1884, the Pope will appoint three new cardinals—namely, Mgr. Golgenbauer, Archbishop of Vienna; Mgr. Bauer, Bishop of Salzburg; and Mgr. Masella, Apostolic Nuncio at Lisbon. It is also probable that Mgr. San Felice, Archbishop of Naples, who made such noble exertions on behalf of the sufferers by the Ischia calamity, will receive a cardinal's hat shortly.

THE tragedy of the Ring Theatre appears to be resulting in something practical, and the *Builder* describes the precautions against fire now imposed, either wholly or in part, by law, upon all the Vienna theatres. The chief dependence is placed upon the fire curtain. Once every evening at least this curtain must be lowered to its full extent in the presence of the audience. This is done between the acts, the intention being to render it absolutely certain that the curtain is in working order, and that there may be no flaw in the mechanism to be discovered at the wrong time. This nightly rehearsal of the fire curtain is said to render people cool when they see it descend, and to prevent their taking fright at it as a sign of danger. For this reason it is let down at unexpected moments, and sometimes more than once in the course of the evening. Another precaution now universally employed is to burn candles as well as gas in all the passages, galleries, and even in the body of the theatre itself, so that if the gas should be extinguished, or have to be cut off suddenly, the people would still be able to find their way out by candle light. The supplies of water on the roof are also placed under official control.

THE semi-official organ of the Russian Foreign Office, the *Nord*, contains some interesting comments on Mr. Gladstone's interview with the Czar. "There are," it says, "some people who would prove that no importance is to be attached to the interviews of Fredensborg and the decks of the *Pemroke Castle*." It, however, contends that even Mr. Gladstone's voyage was undertaken without any political design, the visit of the Emperor of Russia to a statesman who plays so considerable a role in the Government of England cannot be a matter of indifference. The *Nord* characterises as "perfectly ridiculous" the reports that have been set afloat about the conclusion of alliances and adds: "England is no less desirous than Russia for the maintenance of peace, whose first condition is the maintenance of the status quo in the Balkan Peninsula. Any understanding between these two Powers would have no other meaning than the strengthening of tranquillity in the Balkan Peninsula by the peaceable and normal development of the populations which inhabit it." The *Nord* asserts that the interest of both England and Russia being the preservation of peace, and the Austro-German alliance having the same aim, the Austrian and German press should, instead of complaining, congratulate itself on there being two such powerful auxiliaries to ensure the success of the pacific policy of two empires.

THE pupils at the Italian Convent, Caine Road, gave an operatic representation in the small theatre attached to the establishment yesterday afternoon in the presence of a large and fashionable audience, which included His Excellency the Governor, who was accompanied by the Misses Bowen, the Hon. W. H. Marsh and Mrs. Marsh, Bishop Rainaldi, Monsieur de Desjardins, Mr. A. G. Romano, consul for Brazil, Mr. J. Loureiro, consul-general for Portugal, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Fleming, Mr. Jno. J. Francis and a host of other notables. The piece selected was of course a sacred one, and detailed the scenes leading up to the martyrdom of St. Dorothea. This young Christian heroine, we are told, was born of a rich and noble family in Caesarea, and after being deprived of her parents at an early age was educated by a pious matron named Dorothea. Tradition says that Dorothea suffered martyrdom for her faith in the early part of the fourth century of the Romish Church, during the tenth persecution ordered by the cruel Diocletian, Emperor of Pagan Rome. The young girls who essayed the leading parts in the representation had evidently bestowed careful study on the tasks allotted them, and worked very hard indeed to do justice to themselves and credit to the musical instruction. Candour compels us to own that the vocal efforts of the youthful performers were not particularly meritorious, still it may be conceded that under all the circumstances they got through a difficult undertaking fairly well. As evidence of the care bestowed in getting up the opera, it may be stated that throughout the whole three acts not a single hitch occurred, nor was the prompter's voice heard once. The dresses and stage effects were exceedingly pretty if not altogether appropriate—Dorothea and the Roman Pro-Consul, Apollonius, in white kid gloves were hardly in the fashion which prevailed during the reign of Diocletian—and the children in the choruses did capitally, the final scene and the chorus of angels forming a very effective tableau. We believe that it is the intention of the Lady Superior of the Italian Convent to sanction another performance of "St. Dorothea" for the especial gratification of the rising generation. This kindly meant arrangement should afford the youngsters an opportunity of passing a most enjoyable afternoon.

A COOLIE named Wong Afuk, with four previous convictions recorded against him, was committed for trial at the Supreme Court by Captain Thomsen, this morning, for being concerned with three others, who are not in custody, in attempting to rob a farmer of 100 taels of silver on the 29th ultimo.

WHILE the Parisians are discussing the possibilities of a war with China (says the Paris correspondent of the *Standard*), they are overlooking a very serious and much greater danger nearer home. The interviews between the German and Austrian Emperors, between Prince Bismarck, Count Kalnoky, and General Manueff, and between Prince Hohenlohe and the King of Italy, ought to have warned them that there was danger at hand far nearer home than China. Roumania, Serbia, Italy, and Spain have now become members of the Austro-German Alliance, and I have reason to believe that this alliance will very shortly have a practical result. It may not be next week or next month, but it will certainly not be long delayed when the German Government will take the initiative of a proposal which will have a startling effect throughout Europe. I am assured by a person whom I know to be in the confidence of Prince Bismarck that Germany has agreed with Austria and the other members of the alliance, which now embraces France, Russia, Denmark, and the Scandinavian Kingdoms, to propose a general Congress, with a view to a mutual and general disarmament. As to the time at which this thunderbolt of war is to be launched under pacific pretences I cannot say. But I am assured it has been assented to by Austria, Spain, and Italy, and I can hardly suppose that some inkling of the matter has not reached Her Majesty's Government. Some knowledge of it has certainly reached Russia, and it would render the *coup d'état* in Bulgaria intelligible enough. On the other hand, a Madrid correspondent telegraphs that public opinion in Spain has so strongly pronounced against any German alliance that the official organs have declared that King Alfonso's journey to Berlin and Vienna is not likely to lead to any treaty or alliance at present.

ANNUAL GRANTING OF LICENCES.

A special meeting of Justices of the peace was held at the Magistracy this forenoon, under the provisions of Ordinance No. 11 of 1884, to consider applications for licences for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors during the year commencing on the 1st proximo. There were present:—Mr. H. E. Wodehouse, chairman, Dr. Adams, Messrs. A. Seth, H. C. Setna, F. H. Arjane, H. M. Meta, J. S. Brewer, C. Ford, and D. Rutledge.

The first application brought forward was that of J. Comes of the "Welcome" Tavern, which was granted, there being no police objection; the licence had been held for 14 years. The next application was from John Juster of the Central Hotel, who had held a licence 13 years. Mr. Wodehouse said that the applicant was fined \$5 on the 8th August last, for using threatening language, and that he kept a man in his employ who was convicted of felony.—Chief Inspector Horspool remarked that there was no objection to the house, but that there was not much against the proprietor.—Chief of police had been back in the house.—Mr. Horspool said he did not know, but he would recommend that he should be got rid of.—Mr. Juster was then sent for, and informed by the Chairman that it appeared he kept a man in his employ who had been convicted of felony, and that it was not proper to keep such a person. There was no objection otherwise, but it was not proper to keep this man.—Mr. Juster replied that he had nothing to do, and since he had come back he had behaved himself very well. He was not a seafaring man.—Mr. Wodehouse said it was not necessary to discharge him, since he was behaving himself well, and that the licence was granted.

The application of John Humby of the "London Inn, who had held a licence for 12 years, was the next considered, and it was granted without any demur.

The application of James S. Lucas for a licence for the "Rose, Shamrock, and Thistle" Hotel was the next brought forward. Mr. Wodehouse said that Lucas held an interim licence for two months, and that there were strong objections to months, unless he showed that the man Robertson, who previously held the licence, had nothing to do with the business. It was believed that Lucas was merely a blind for Robertson, a kind of dummy, and it was a question whether a licence should be granted to him. There was an unfavourable report of Robertson, who had been charged with maliciously destroying property, his own.—Mr. Horspool said he had been told a falsehood by Lucas, who said that Robertson had gone to Ceylon, whereas he found he was still in the colony. Mr. Horspool was speaking about this matter under the name of "Scrable" and "Lucas." Interchangeably, whereupon one of the three Justices asked for an explanation. Mr. Horspool explained that Lucas was known by the name of "Scrable" when he was in the police force, but that he had since changed his cognomen to "Lucas." It was conceded, however, that the change was perfectly legitimate. Mr. Horspool, continuing, said that unless Lucas could clearly prove that he himself was the proprietor, he should not be granted a licence. Lucas was then called, and in reply to the Chairman, said he would carry on the house in his own name, and that he was not in any way interested with Robertson in the business. He had no interest with him since the last row.—Mr. Wodehouse asked for a guarantee to this effect, whereupon Lucas handed him some papers, of what nature we are not aware. The licence is being carried on by Lucas till the end of the present month.—Mr. Horspool remarked that if Lucas could satisfy him (Mr. Wodehouse) by the end of the month that Robertson had nothing to do with the business, a licence might be granted. Lucas eventually decided to let the application stand over until the day before next, at 11 o'clock, and Lucas was directed to put himself amenable in communication with Chief Inspector Horspool, with a view to arranging matters.

Dorabai Nowrojee, the well-known co-lessee of the Hongkong Hotel, was the next applicant for a licence for a new hotel, he intends to start on Praya Central, to be called the "Victoria Hotel." This application was granted without opposition.

The applications of John Olson, of the "Landburg" Tavern, and Kenneth Macdonald, of the "Land we live in," J. R. White of the "Saloon Home,"

F. W. Peterson of the "German" Tavern, and Jesse Cook of the "Star" Hotel, were then considered and granted without opposition.

The application of F. A. Linde of the "Star" Hotel came next in order. Mr. Wodehouse said the applicant had held a licence 12 years.—On the 11th January last he was fined \$10 for keeping a disorderly house, and had also been fined a dollar on two occasions for allowing an unmuzzled, ferocious dog to be at large. He thought he ought to be cautioned, but there was no objection otherwise.—Dr. Adams said he considered the applicant should not be allowed to have a ferocious dog, especially as he had been convicted twice.—Mr. Horspool said it was very objectionable to have such a dog about the house.—Mr. Linde was then called, and told by the Chairman that there was no objection to granting him a licence except in regard to his dog.—The applicant replied that he was going to give his dogs away, having promised them to a German steamer, when it came back here, which would be probably in 10 or 12 days; he undertook to get rid of the dogs.—Mr. Wodehouse told the applicant that he would have to be careful, as he had been fined \$10. The licence was granted on condition that he got rid of the dogs. It was remarked casually by Mr. Horspool that the police considered the so-called ferocious dog a rather quiet sort of creature.

Mr. E. Jones Hughes' application for a licence for the Hongkong Hotel was the next considered. Some enquiries having been made by Dr. Adams as to whether the licence was applied for on behalf of the Directors, Mr. Hughes was called in, and stated they were going to run the Hotel under a manager. They had got a steward, who was for the present going to look after the bar and take charge. On next transfer day they would get the licence transferred to the manager. At present he was applying to enable them to run the Hotel from the 1st of next month. The application was made on behalf of the Company, so as not to have to close the hotel at the end of the month. It was a question whether the manager could be in Hongkong or come back by the 1st of December. In reply to Mr. Wodehouse, Mr. Hughes said he was not residing on the premises, but that if necessary he would do so to look after the hotel. The licence was then granted. This concluded the business of the meeting.

CRICKET.

UNIVERSITIES AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS V. THE REMAINDER.

A match, twelve aside, between teams representing the Universities and Public Schools was commenced on the Cricket Ground on the afternoon of Friday, the 2nd instant.—The weather was everything that could be desired for enjoyable cricket and the "old man" had selected a capital pitch. The non-descript took first innings, and some good play was shown, the Universities and Public Schools being treated to a rare dose of leather hitting, mainly through the exertions of Rice and Hynes, these two seasoned batsmen keeping possession of the wickets throughout the afternoon, and eventually retiring with 75 and 60 respectively standing to their credit in the score book. At gunfire the privately educated ones were still in possession, having amassed the respectable total of 210 runs with three wickets still to fall. There was a large attendance of spectators to witness the match, and proceedings were wonderfully enlivened by the presence of the band of the French flagship *Victor Hugo*, which, by the kind permission of Admiral Meyer and the officers of the vessel, played a choice selection of music in excellent style.

Shortly after two o'clock the two Commissioners, Rice and Hynes, assumed the defensive, D'Aeth and Lloyd being deputed to represent the attack. Each batsman made three off D'Aeth's first essay, and the score was quickly rolled to 14, when Hare, who had tottered half a dozen, sent the second ball of Lloyd's fourth over into the safe keeping of Jarrett. Bunbury had no sooner joined Rice than the left hand opened his shoulders and sent one from D'Aeth clean out of the ground for 5, and as the "Grand Old Buff" played up well, scoring a dozen in five hits, matters were pretty lively for the fielders. Just when Bunbury appeared well set, he was unlucky enough to send one back to the bowler (D'Aeth) which it is hardly necessary to say was gratefully accepted. The two Commissioners were then man and maid at the stand of the day made, both batsmen hit the bowling to all parts of the field, causing numerous bowling changes to be resorted to, Porter, Hawkins, and Jarrett all having a turn, but without success. The total was increased to 177—140 having been put on since the fall of the previous wicket—when Lloyd clean bowled Rice, the retiring batsman having compiled 75—one 5, eleven 3's, &c.—by a sterling display of cricket. Farquhar was now associated with the "old inn," but after scoring 3 he was sent back, and his successor, Greaves, also failed to stay, D'Aeth's bowling being then the turn of the "old inn." Five for 106. Plumbie joined Hynes, and the old Cambridge player, Wise took the ball from Jarrett. The new comer failed to score, and after Major Cochrane and Hynes had raised the total to 206, Wise, assisted by Hawkins at square leg, sent the ball to the Pavilion with successive balls, the "catch" which dismissed Hynes being an excellent bit of cricket, for which Hawkins was deservedly applauded. Hynes had put together 60—one 5, two 4's, seven 3's, three 2's and singles by—when the stumps were drawn for the night—the score register showing 210 runs for the loss of 8 wickets.

Play was resumed on Saturday morning shortly after 11 o'clock. Hendry and Dr. Gamble, the "apostles" of last night, continuing their innings. A good stand was made, and, as the bowling was very weak at the commencement, runs came rapidly. Hendry was eventually stumped by Brackenbury off Jarrett for a well played 4, and his partner had knocked 24 before succumbing to a catch by a "club" from the same bowler. Hendry and Gamble, who had been in the innings, adding for the formidable total of 274 runs. Wise was most successful in the bowling department, his three wickets only costing 24 runs. Jarrett had 3 for 67, Lloyd 2 for 91, D'Aeth 2 for 50 and Hawkins one for 7.

The Universities and Public Schools sent in Jarrett (Hawkins and Hynes) (D'Aeth) to face the onslaught of Hendry and Farquhar. No one was more than 10 runs, and his successor, Hendry, with the score at 14, was in front of the Lloyd (Shamrock and Thistle) in front of the bowler and hit to retire without breaking his duck. Hawkins was then clean bowled by Hendry, and Bunbury who had taken the ball from Farquhar, in his second over had D'Aeth stumped out by Gamble, the Buff had hit

The Hongkong Telegraph.

No. 554.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1883.

SIX DOLLARS
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For Sale.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.
HAVE RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING
NEW GOODS.

FENDERS and Fire-irons.
New Fire-guards and Coal Vases,
Kerosine Cooking Stoves,
Hinks' "Duplic" Table Lamps in new designs,
New Folding Lamp Shades,
Linen "Dagmar" Shades,
"Sarotoga" Trunks and Ladies' Dress Trunks,
Travelling Bags and Hold-alls,
Despatch Boxes and Portfolios,
New "Slider" Playing Cards,
"Moguls" and "Squeezers" Call Bells,
Scrap Books, New Office Sundries,
Christmas Cards in New Prize Designs,
Menu and Name Cards,
Porcelain Menu Tablets,
Artists' Materials and new Canvases,
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Christy's Felt-Hats in New Shapes and Colours,
Elkwood Caps and "Tam-o-Shanter" Caps,
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Cricket Bats, Balls and Stumps,
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Cope's Tobaccos, Fresh Golden Cloud,
Fresh Birdseye and Mixture,
Manila and Penang Cigars,
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Curry Combs and Brushes,
Saddles and Saddle-cloths.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.
Hongkong, 24th October, 1883. [340]

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.
CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND
JEWELLERS, 11, RIVER-SMITHS, AND
OPTICIANS.
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NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.
SOLE AGENTS
for Louis Audemars' Watches: awarded the
highest Prize at every Exhibition; and
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CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES, MARINE
GLASSES, AND SPYGLASSES.
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**YANGTSE INSURANCE
ASSOCIATION.**

CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up).....Tls. 420,000.00
PERMANENT RESERVE.....Tls. 230,000.00
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND.....Tls. 318,235.56
TOTAL CAPITAL and
ACCUMULATIONS, 31st
March, 1883.....Tls. 968,235.56

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parts of the World.
Subject to a charge of 12 per cent. for Interest
on Shareholders' Capital, all the PROFITS of the
UNDERWRITING BUSINESS are annually dis-
tributed among all Contributors of Business (whether
Shareholders or not) in proportion to the
premium paid by them.

RUSSELL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 25th May, 1883. [83]

**THE STRAITS INSURANCE COMPANY,
LIMITED.**

THE Undersigned having been appointed
AGENTS of the above Company are
prepared to grant Policies on MARINE RISKS
to all parts of the world at CURRENT RATES.
ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co.
Hongkong, 3rd November, 1883. [827]

THE Undersigned have been appointed
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of UNDERWRITERS.
ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co.
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881.

**RECORD OF AMERICAN and FOREIGN
SHIPPING.**

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ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co.
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [470]

GENERAL NOTICE.

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CAPITAL TAELS 600,000. EQUAL \$833,333.33.
RESERVE FUND.....\$79,856.57.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
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MARINE RISKS on GOODS, &c., taken at
CURRENT RATES to all parts of the world.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYAT WEST.
Hongkong, 1st September, 1882. [670]

NOTICE.

**THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY,
LIMITED.**

(CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....\$1,000,000)
The above Company is prepared to accept
MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS,
&c. Policies granted to all parts of the world,
payable at any of its Agencies.

WOO LIN YUEN,
Secretary.
HEAD OFFICE,
No. 4, Queen's Road West,
Hongkong, 1st February, 1882. [106]

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have been instructed by
the COMMISSARY GENERAL OF ORDNANCE,
China, to Sell by Public Auction, on

THURSDAY,

the 8th day of November, 1883, at 11 A.M., at
Her Majesty's Ordnance Stores,
Queen's Road East.

THE FOLLOWING

GOVERNMENT STORES.

BLANKETS, CANVAS, CORDAGE,
GLASS, RUGS, SERGE, CAST AND WROTE,
IRON, LEATHER, COTTON, LINEN AND
WOOLLEN ARTICLES, STEEL, TIMBER,
TIN, TRIPODS, OLD FILES, CASKS,
PACKING CASES, EMPTY CEMENT BAR-
RELS, BUNTING, IRON DRUMS, UM-
BRELLAS, BED MATS, GLAZED SASHES,
DOORS and SHUTTERS.

ALSO

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES OF
CLOTHING, viz:

GREAT COATS, CAPS, SERGE and
TWEED FROCKS, CLOTH TUNICS,
SERGE and CLOTH TROUSERS, BOOTS,
ANKLE, HELMETS, WATERPROOF
COATS, &c., &c., &c.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash on delivery in Mexi-
can Dollars weighed at 21.7. All faults and
errors of description at Purchaser's risk on the
fall of the hammer. All Lots to be cleared
within 48 hours.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, 5th November, 1883. [829]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions
from the MORTGAGEE to Sell by Public
Auction, on

MONDAY,

the 12th November, 1883, on the Spot,—
The Parcel of GROUND registered in the Land
Office as SOWKIWAN LOT No. 109,
measuring on the North and South 50 feet,
East and West 150 feet or 7500 square feet.
Yearly Crown Rent \$38.10. Held for 999
years from 16th January, 1860.

For Terms of Sale and Particulars, apply to

J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, 1st November, 1883. [817]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions
from the MORTGAGEE to Sell by Public
Auction, on

TUESDAY,

the 13th November, 1883, at THREE P.M.,
at the Premises,

THE
VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY,
Situate in Hollywood Victoria, Hongkong,

Comprising—
All those Pieces or Parcels of GROUND,
registered in the Land Office as Sections
A, B, C, D and E, INLAND LOT No. 702,
with the Remaining Portion of INLAND
LOT 702, with the Messuages and Tenements
thereon being Nos. 239, 237, 235,
and Nos. 217, 215 and 213, Hollywood Road.

For Further Particulars and Conditions of
Sale, apply to

J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, 5th November, 1883. [830]

To be Let.

APARTMENTS TO LET,
IN
ELGIN TERRACE.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED
ON
MODERATE TERMS.

Apply to
X. Y. Z.,
At the Office of this Paper.
Hongkong, 1st November, 1883. [818]

TO LET.

"STOCKWELL COTTAGE" near to the
Kowloon Club, British Kowloon, con-
taining Four Rooms and Large Centre Room,
Servants' Rooms and Outhouses, Gardens and
Tennis Lawn, &c. Within Three Minutes Walk
of the Pier.

For Particulars, apply to

STEPHENS & HOLMES,
Solicitors.
Hongkong, 22nd September, 1883. [713]

TO LET.

THE PREMISES now occupied by us
No. 11, Queen's Road Central.

For further Particulars, apply to Messrs.
RUSSELL & Co.

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.
Hongkong, 1st August, 1883. [607]

TO LET.

"BISNEE VILLA" Pokfulam, Furnished.

Apply to

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.
Hongkong, 18th October, 1883. [7]

TO LET.

"FAIRLEA" BONHAM ROAD.

OFFICES and COMPTROLLER'S Quarters in
MARINE HOUSE.

No. 10, HOLLYWOOD ROAD, now occupied
by Messrs. FRANKIE HORMUSJEE & Co. Pos-
sible from 16th January, 1884.

Apply to

F. R. BELLIOS.
Hongkong, 1st November, 1883. [820]

WILLIAM SCHMIDT & CO.
GUNMAKERS & AMMUNITION
DEALERS.

BEACONFIELD ARCADE.

Arms, Ammunitions, and Requisites of
every description.

Arms Repaired, Cleaned, or Converted at
moderate charges.

Sporting Guns and Ammunition always
on hand. [9]

Intimations.

KELLY & WALSH

HAVE JUST LANDED.

FRESH TOBACCOS.

EX "AJAX."
COPE'S GOLDEN CLOUD.
COPE'S STRAIGHT CUT.
EX "GLENFRUIN."
WILLS' BRISTOL BIRDS EYE.
WILLS' THREE CASTLES.
WILLS' GOLDEN FLAKE HONEY DEW.
WILLS' PRINCES MIXTURE.
WILLS' BEST SCOTCH.
WILLS' SCENTED RAPPEE.

FROM SHANGHAI.
HAPPY THOUGHT.
GOLDEN EAGLE.
DOLLAR BRAND.
STAR MIXTURE.

NOVELTIES IN FANCY AND FASHIONABLE STATIONERY.

THE CROCODILE LEATHER NOTE PAPER & ENVELOPES.

THE RUSSIA-LEATHER PAPER & ENVELOPES.

THE MOROCCO LEATHER PAPER & ENVELOPES.

THE CRUSHED STRAWBERRY NOTE PAPER & ENVELOPES.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S CARDS,
A VERY FINE ASSORTMENT OF

THE CHOICEST AMERICAN AND ENGLISH PRODUCTIONS.

KELLY & WALSH.
Hongkong, 24th October, 1883. [560]

W. BREWER.

HAS LATELY RECEIVED.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS

IN GREAT VARIETY.

LETT'S DIARIES, FOR 1884.

GOLDEN CLOUD TOBACCO.
OLD JUDGE TOBACCO.
AMERICAN AND RUSSIAN CIGARETTES.
CIGARETTE and CIGAR CASES in great variety.

THE SMOKERS SET, in Brass.
GROTESQUE BRASS ASH TRAYS.
NEW PHOTO FRAMES for Promenade Photographs.
EASEL PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS in great variety and at all Prices.
POCKET BOOKS, PURSES, CARD CASES and BLOTTERS in all kinds of Leathers.
A Quantity of NOVELTIES in PLUSH and BRASS GOODS.
NEW MECHANICAL TOYS.

W. BREWER,
QUEEN'S ROAD.
Hongkong, 6th November, 1883. [784]

SAYLE & CO'S

SHOW-ROOMS.

NOW SHOWING EX S.S. "GLENFRUIN."

FIRST DELIVERY OF CHRISTMAS TOYS,
WRITING CASES, WORK BOXES,
PLUSH FRAMES, JEWEL CASES,
&c., &c., &c.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's KID GLOVES in all colours and sizes.
FUR LINED KID GLOVES.
DRIVING GLOVES.
CLOTH GLOVES and MITTS.

Ladies' and Children's HOSIERY, suitable for the present Season.
FURS & FUR TRIMMINGS in great variety.
To arrive per S.S. "GLENLEAGUE."

SPECIALITIES IN CHRISTMAS CARDS.

SAYLE & CO.,
VICTORIA EXCHANGE, HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 1st November, 1883. [730]

ROSE & CO.

HAVE JUST OPENED.

NEW BLACK, AND COLORED SILKS.
FRENCH BROCHE GAUZES.
COLORED SILK VELVETS AND VELVETEENS.

STAMPED VELVETS AND VELVETEENS.
BLACK VELVETS AND VELVETEENS.
NUNS' VEIL CLOTH in all New Shades.

BLACK & COLORED CASHMERES.
CASHMERE, SILK, AND BEADED JERSEYS.

BOYS' JERSEY SUITS.
KID AND SUEDE GLOVES.

THE NEW JERSEY SUEDE GLOVES.
LACES, FEATHERS, FLOWERS, &c.

LADIES' FELT HATS.
PARIS MILLINERY AND TRIMMED HATS.
MANTLES, FISHUS AND CHENILLE CAPES.

ROSE & CO.,
31 AND 33, QUEEN'S ROAD.
Hongkong, 22nd October, 1883. [716]

Notices of Firms.

**NORTH BORNEO COMPANY'S
IMMIGRATION OFFICE.**

NOTICE.

DURING the absence of the Undersigned
and until further notice, Mr. FRED-
ERICK RICKARDS will take charge of the
Business of this department of the BRITISH
NORTH BORNEO COMPANY.

(Signed) W. H. MEDHURST,
Commissioner for
Immigration,
B. N. B. Co.
Hongkong, 3rd November, 1883. [825]

NOTICE.

M. CHU KWON NAM has this day left
our employment and has no longer any
AUTHORITY to Sign for Our Firm.

AH YON & Co.,
(SHING HING).
Hongkong, 3rd November, 1883. [826]

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have been appointed
Agents of the CHINA SHIPPERS'
MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION COM-
PANY, LIMITED.

ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co.
Hongkong, 19th October, 1883. [786]

NOTICE.

FROM this date Messrs. RUSSELL & Co.
will conduct our Business at this Port, and
all Communications should be addressed to them.
Messrs. RUSSELL & Co. will also act as Agents
at this Port for our line of Steamers.

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.
Hongkong, 1st August, 1883. [606]

Intimations.

AVIS.

UNE ADJUDICATION PUBLIQUE, sur
soumissions cachetées, aura lieu en la
CHANCELLERIE DU CONSULAT DE FRANCE à
Hongkong, le MERCREDI 14 Novembre cor-
rant, à 2 h. de l'après midi, pour la fourniture
totale, en 4 livraisons de 1500 tonnes CHACUNE
du 1er au 10 de chaque mois à partir du 1er De-
cembre, 1883, de 6000 tonnes de CHARBON de
Newcastle d'Australie, livrables à Haiphong,
pour le compte du service administratif du
TONKIN, Le cahier des clauses et conditions du
contrat est déposé à la disposition du public à la
Chancellerie du Consulat de France à Hongkong.

G. DE MONTJAMONT,
Le S. Commissaire de la Division
de Chine et du Japon.
Hongkong, le 3 Novembre, 1883. [831]

**CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
LIMITED.**

**ADJUSTMENT OF BONUS FOR THE
YEAR 1882.**

SHAREHOLDERS are hereby requested to
send in to this Office a List of their Con-
tributions of Premium for the year ended 31st
December last, in order that the proportion of
Profit for that year to be paid as Bonus to Con-
tributors may be arranged. Returns not sent in
before the 30th November next, will be made up
by the Company, and no subsequent claims or
alterations will be allowed.

By Order of the Directors,
JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 1st September, 1883. [673]

INTIMATION.

SIGNOR ANTONIO CATTANEO, of the
CONSERVATOIRE DE BERGAMO and late of
the ROYAL ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY has
the honor to inform the community that he has
arranged to remain in Hongkong, and will give
lessons in Music, Singing and the Pianoforte.

CHARGES STRICTLY MODERATE.
Address—Messrs. KELLY & WALSH,
Queen's Road.
Hongkong, 1st March, 1883. [168]

A CARD.

PRIVATE BOARD AND LODGING
can be obtained for
SINGLE GENTLEMAN OR MARRIED COUPLES
AT
No. 6, QUEEN'S ROAD EAST.
Next Door to the Temperance Hall.

Terms Moderate.
Hongkong, 10th July, 1883. [552]

WANTED TO RENT.

A LARGE STABLE.

Apply to
R. FRASER-SMITH,
Hongkong Telegraph Office.
Hongkong, 24th October, 1883.

ROYAL YORK HOTEL,
OLD STEVIE, BRIGHTON, ENGLAND.

THE above HOTEL is Centrally situated,
with Suitable Rooms and ample accom-
modation for travellers, especially those coming
from Eastern Climates. FAMILIES and GENTLE-
MEN will find every comfort they can wish for at
the above establishment.

A. HOADLY,
Proprietor.
[503]

"CLARIDGE'S HOTEL"
BROOK STREET, LONDON, W.

THE above is a Commodious and Suitable
HOTEL for FAMILIES and GENTLEMEN
going home from the Far East. It is under the
directable Management of Mr. and Mrs.
GEORGE FRAGNELL who spare no pains in
providing their visitors with every possible
comfort.

HOP SHING & CO.
ENGINEERS, BOILER MAKERS,
COPPER SMITHS, BRASS AND
IRON FOUNDERS, &c.

HAVING this day commenced Business, we
are ready to undertake work of the
above descriptions under the Supervision of an
EXPERIENCED EUROPEAN.

Orders executed with the utmost despatch and
at MODERATE TERMS.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
ENGINE ROOM STORES SUPPLIED.

NESS IRON WORKS,
West Point, HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 25th September, 1883. [718]

Shipping.

STEAMERS.

THE CHINA AND MANILA STEAMSHIP
COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR MANILA, VIA AMOY.

THE Company's Steamship
"DIAMANTE,"
Captain Cullen, will be despatched for the above
Ports, TO-MORROW, the 7th instant, at Five
P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 5th November, 1883. [828]

**NOUVELLE COMPAGNIE MARSEILLAISE
DE NAVIGATION A VAPEUR.**

THE Steamship

"LIBAN,"
Labie, Commander, will sail on or about
the 12th November, for MARSEILLES,
via SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO,
ADEN and SUEZ, and with leave to call at
PENANG and TIENTSIN. In connection
with the Steamers the Company runs a Line
from MARSEILLES to HAVRE and LONDON,
leaving MARSEILLES after arrival of the
Steamer from CHINA.

The Company also runs Steamers regularly
from MARSEILLES to numerous Ports in the
MEDITERRANEAN and BLACK-SEA, by
which through-freight may be booked.

The Company has a Forwarding Agency at
Paris, 9, Rue de Rougemont, giving special
facilities to Shippers.

Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and
Sworders.

The Line is noted for its Cuisine and Beer
and Table Wines are included in the Passage
Money.

RETURN TICKETS are now granted by the
Steamers of this line available for the
undermentioned periods, to be reckoned from
the date of arrival at Marseilles of the Steamer
for which the Ticket is issued to the date of
re-embarkation there of the Holder of the
Ticket.

Special rates are arranged for families.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 5th November, 1883. [754]

SAILING VESSELS.

FOR NEW YORK.

THE 3/3 L. I. German Ship
"OTTO,"
Fortmann, Master, will load here for the above
Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, 1st November, 1883. [819]

FOR NEW YORK.

THE 3/3 L. I. German Ship
"GUSTAV & OSCAR,"
Seemann, Master, will load here for the above
Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, 25th October, 1883. [803]

Mails.

**OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAM-
SHIP COMPANY.**</

Intimations.

A. S. WATSON & CO.

FAMILY AND DISPENSING
CHEMISTS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES,
PERFUMERS,
IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS
OF

MANILA CIGARS,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
AND
MANUFACTURERS
OF

AERATED WATER.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

THE SHANGHAI PHARMACY,
24, NANKIN ROAD, SHANGHAI.

BOTICA INGLESA,
14, ESCOLTA, MANILA.

THE CANTON DISPENSARY, CANTON.

THE DISPENSARY, FOCHOW.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1883.

THE excited controversy which has recently been raging along the Pacific Coast, and in other parts of the United States, in consequence of the different judicial decisions lately given as to the scope of the Chinese Exclusion Act passed by Congress a year ago, has doubtless been observed with attention by our local merchants and shippers interested in the traffic between Hongkong and California. And the further development of this technical difficulty in excluding the Chinese from the United States, a difficulty as unexpected as it was unforeseen, will be closely watched. The London Daily News, in dealing with the matter from a legal point of view, after remarking that the much enduring individual picturesquely described by Mr. DAN KEARNEY as the "leprous-heathen," is causing the United States Law Courts a great deal of annoyance, very impartially reviews the salient features of the judicial decisions which have brought about the present deadlock.

Our contemporary refers to the late decision in the Circuit Court at San Francisco, which ruled that Chinese born at Hongkong claiming to be British subjects have no right to enter the United States in defiance of the Chinese Exclusion Act passed by Congress, and points out that this, on the face of it, seems to be a flat contradiction of the decision given the other day by Judge NELSON, of the Circuit Court at Boston, in the celebrated case of Au Soto, but admits that it is just possible that there may be an explanation forthcoming of the seeming discrepancy. Au Soto, it will be remembered, was a ship's carpenter, who ran away from service and settled in Boston. When the authorities tried to remove him under the provisions of the Chinese Exclusion Act, his counsel argued that as he was born in Hongkong after it was ceded to England, he was not "a Chinese labourer" in terms of the Act, because he was not, and never had been, a subject of the Emperor of China. This argument convinced the Court, and as the bulk of the immigrants from China are British subjects, or would claim to be such, it was obvious that the traditional coach-and-six had been driven through the Exclusion Act. Californians were of course indignant, and it was to be hoped that the judgment of the Circuit Court of San Francisco has not been influenced by their outcry against Judge NELSON.

There is not the least doubt that Judge NELSON took the only possible view of the one point at issue which a lawyer could take. That point is this:—Is there anything in the Act of 1882 to show that it was meant to apply to Chinamen not subjects of the Chinese Emperor? To us it seems impossible to say that there is. The Act cites as its *raison d'être* the fifth and sixth clauses of the once famous Burlingame Treaty, by which China and the United States agreed to let each other's subjects come and go in each other's territory on terms of reciprocity. It cites the supplementary treaty with China of 17th November, 1880, by which it was agreed that this absolute right of her subjects to reside in the United States might be modified, and it was under this stipulation Congress gained power to pass the prohibitory measures which were contemplated in this treaty, and which it passed last year. But all through, it is plain that the purpose of the Exclusion Act is to apply these measures only to the persons to whom the two treaties refer—that is, to subjects of the Emperor of China. Hence, as Judge NELSON, of Massachusetts, said in his judgment, "the term Chinese labourers, as used in the Act, must have the same

signification as when used in the treaty, and must be held to mean the subjects of the Government of China to whom the provisions of the treaty relate." It is therefore absurd to pretend that the Act of 1882 can apply to Chinamen who are subjects of the Queen of England, and yet this is what the Circuit Court of San Francisco has ruled. It may, however, be that what the Californian Court means to lay down is that Chinamen must not be manufactured into British subjects, for the purpose of getting privilege of residence in San Francisco—that a Chinaman, born in Hong Kong before the place was ceded to the English, or not born there at all, but naturalised as a British subject, is in a different position from Au Soto as regard status—that he is, in fact, still within the scope of the Exclusion Act of 1882. That would raise one or two nice points in international law; and it is not a contention easy to substantiate. But unlike the reported ruling of Judge FIELD of San Francisco, it is not utterly untenable.

TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, November 5th.
MINISTERIAL MOVEMENTS IN FRANCE.
The French Minister of Foreign Affairs has left Paris, and has been replaced by the President of the Council of Ministers.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

As will be noted from the programme published in another column, the Amoy Race Meeting has been fixed for the 7th and 8th of January next.

THE P. and O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Nepaul*, with the next English mail, left Singapore for this port on the 3rd instant, and may be expected to arrive here on the 9th.

WILLIAM AUSTIN, 30, of England, a marine on board the *Victor Emanuel*, wearing two good conduct badges, was committed for trial at the Supreme Court this morning by Mr. Wodehouse, on suspicion of having set fire to some bedding in a room on the 2nd floor of licensed brothel No. 35, Stanley Street, on the night of the 2nd instant. It appears the prisoner was anxious to make his defence at the Police Court, but on the advice of his friends he reserved it.

THE following charters have been effected in Amoy during the past fortnight:—*Guiding Star*, 8,000 peculs Newchang and Amoy, 25 days, 18 cents per pecul; *Annie*, 423 tons register, to Samarang and Sourabaya, 25 days, \$1,500; *Hermine*, 7,000 peculs, hence to Bankok, 7 days, \$325; *Chateaubriand*, 10,000 peculs, Singapore, to Shanghai, \$3,900; *Chateaubriand*, 10,000 peculs, hence to Singapore, 10 days, \$450; *Brunette*, 10,000 peculs, hence to Singapore, 10 days, \$500.

A TOUCHING story of a mother's devotion comes from Belgium. The wife of a gateman on the line between Sottegem and Alost was attending to her husband's duty when her little boy strayed in front of a fast train. Without a moment's hesitation the mother sprang across the rails, and, seizing her child, tossed it into the bank the very second before she was caught by the locomotive and killed. It is well to know that the brave woman did not die in vain; the child escaped with a few bruises.

THREE seamen of the American ship *Wildwood*, named Olson, Murphy, and Stephen, were sentenced by Captain Thomsett this morning to three months' hard labour each, at the order of the Captain, for deserting from their ship. They each positively refused to return to duty. This is the second time these men have deserted here. Upon the last occasion they were sent on board in charge of the police, and then complained of ill treatment at the hands of the 1st and 2nd mates, and also in respect to their food. There would seem to be something rotten in the state of Denmark.

FROM what we hear, the Hongkong Artillery Volunteers appear to be doing a good deal of work in a quiet way. We learn that on Saturday afternoon next, the squad will parade at Kowloon and go through various gun drill movements with mountain pieces. After the parade the Volunteers will be regaled with a spread in Mr. Chater's bungalow, provided by the officers of the corps. We also hear that another battery will soon be formed, and are very pleased that such is the case. The Volunteer movement, which seems to have hung fire for some time past, would now appear to be receiving that attention which it justly deserves from the young men of the colony.

WE are sorry to hear that the Temperance Hall is in a bad way so far as funds are concerned. With a view to improve the undesirable existing state of affairs, it has been resolved to give monthly concerts, commencing on the 15th inst., whereas a small charge for admission will be made, to enable this eminently deserving institution to keep pace with the times. The concerts will be under the management of Mr. James Francis, who has previously conducted these entertainments with much tact and ability. As many of our talented amateurs have lent their aid in times past to keep the Temperance Hall going, it is to be hoped they will readily come forward now that there is more urgent need of help. We are glad to learn that several talented ladies and gentlemen have already promised their help, and that some members of the Choral Society have expressed their willingness to assist. Such an undertaking as this is worthy of all support, and as the Temperance Hall concerts have hitherto been of a high class, and most excellently conducted, we hope the present campaign will meet with all the success it deserves.

JUST as we were going to press the Russian frigate *Duke of Edinburgh* steamed out of the harbor through the Ly-ee-moon Pass.

THERE are reported to be two policemen in the New York force who decline proffered cigars. Barnum is on his way to the Empire city as fast as steam will take him, and has offered Jumbo for sale.

KANKAKEE has a justice who beats them all in the way of doing up a job of matrimonial splicing with neatness and despatch. This is his formula:—"Have 'er?" "Yes." "Have 'im?" "Yes." "Married, 2 dols."

AT Conway, in Wales, there is a monument erected in the church to the memory of a dead worthy, Alderman Hoopes. His epitaph consists of the following sentence:—"He was the father of twenty-seven children, and was the forty-first child of his father."

We read that at Balmoral workmen were busily engaged preparing a foundation for the statue of the late John Brown, which was to be erected by command of the Queen. It was expected that the work would be ready early in October. The site is south of Balmoral, and visible from the windows of the castle.

ONCE again the United States is to the fore. A celebrated embryologist has solved the problem of cultivating oysters artificially by means of impregnated eggs. In this way he has in forty-six days grown many millions of oysters three-quarters of an inch in diameter. By his system one oyster can be induced to produce ten million eggs in a year. Hoorah!

THE wife of the ex-King of Portugal, and, therefore, the stepmother of the present King, was Miss Elise Hensler, once the leading singer in King's Chapel, Boston. She was appointed Court Singer to the King and Queen of Portugal soon after her appearance in grand opera at Lisbon, and was organically united to the King upon the death of the Queen.

"So the engagement is broken off?" queried the first young lady as they sat down in the carriage. "Yes." "And you have sent back all his letters?" "Every one." "And the locket?" "Yes." "And the diamond ring?" "Yes." "I wouldn't have done it. I'd have kept the ring anyhow." "Well, I did intend to; but the jeweller said the stones were only glass."

THE Sydney Bulletin says that Lillian Russell, known in America as the "Queen of the Dudes," and who is now causing a good deal of sensation in London by her beauty, has never been distinguished by any particular moral lustre of character; in fact, it is notorious that she is quite as frail as she is fair, and that's saying a good deal. Lovely Lillian's little *laches*, however, need scarcely be wondered at when her mother's opinions are known. This unconventional mama "believes strongly in propagation on purely scientific principles, and strongly condemns marriage." She thinks that girls should not be subordinate to husbands, but should be self-reliant and independent, entering into social partnerships when they desire and terminating them for the same easy reasons. As, out of five daughters, three of them, who are married, are all separated from their husbands; while, on the other hand, Lillian, without marrying at all, has been separated twice as often as the other three put together; it would seem that as far as self-reliance goes, Lillian's mother's daughters have admirably fulfilled their mama's expectations.

THE Sydney Bulletin compliments the charming Beaudet as follows:—"And now a paragraph or two about the Gaiety. We went to see 'Blow for Blow' on Saturday night. It was funny to an extent. Johnny Hall was funny, Jessie Grey was funny, and little Louise funnier than all. If Miss Beaudet were a man, instead of being the fairy that she is, we would humbly suggest to her that there is such a thing as being too tragic. True passion is neither pyrotechnic nor pompous. Some actors and actresses are like some singers—they think to make up by volume of voice for what they lack in tone. Rigidity of utterance might become a ghost from the other world, but it does not become a being of flesh and blood in this. Miss Beaudet goes to such a tragic pitch that she says the most ordinary things in a hollow, funeral way, which at first makes one imagine she is reciting the service for the dead. 'John Der-mund!' 'Milder-red Kertraddock!' Why this? We are sadly afraid Miss Beaudet has fallen into an evil style. But she is amusing. When she towers to her full height in a spasm of passion, she looks like an excited canary. We are sorry to have to say this, and then the critic lapses into poetry, which, being slightly inferior to Byron at his best, scarcely merits reproduction."

CAPTAIN DREYER, who has been staying at Dover with the expressed intention of crossing the Channel in a boat exhibited by him at the Fisheries Exhibition, launched on Sept. 13, from near the Admiralty Pier, a raft, constructed of an eighteen-gallon cask and a rough wooden framework, with the intention of drifting with the tide to Folkestone. Mr. Dreyer, who advocates the raft as a means of saving life at sea in case of an emergency, stood in the barrel, took no provisions of any kind, and, with the exception of a single ear, cast himself adrift to the mercy of wind and tide. During the night, and as no tidings could be had of him, the adventure, which was regarded as a foolhardy one, was thought to have cost Mr. Dreyer his life. About midday on the 14th, however, the steamship *Blithville* put into the bay and signalled for a boat, which put off and brought back the missing man and his raft. It seems that the steamer fell in with him in mid-channel near the Varne Lightship, and except that he was wet about the lower part of the body and somewhat exhausted, Mr. Dreyer was none the worse for his cruise, and his raft was in the same condition as when he left Dover the previous night. He states that he drifted past Folkestone, and when the tide set in to the eastward he was carried farther to sea.

SOME land in the city of London was lately sold at the rate of \$3,300,000 an acre.

COLONEL Montgomery, commanding the expedition to Zululand, has succumbed to the effects of a snake bite. While hunting near the Lower Tugela on horseback he was bitten above the boot. Colonel Hawthorne has assumed the command pending the arrival of Colonel Curtis, of the Inniskillings.

CARDINAL Manning is shortly expected at the Vatican. It is understood that his Eminence, besides treating upon certain personal questions, will discuss with the Vatican the establishment of a Catholic university in London. He will bring to the Pope a considerable amount in Peter's Pence.

It is believed that at the next Consistory, to be held in March 1884, the Pope will appoint three new cardinals—namely, Mgr. Golgenbauer, Archbishop of Vienna; Mgr. Bauer, Bishop of Salzburg; and Mgr. Masella, Apostolic Nuncio at Lisbon. It is also probable that Mgr. San Felice, Archbishop of Naples, who made such noble exertions on behalf of the sufferers by the Ischian calamity, will receive a cardinal's hat shortly.

THE tragedy of the Ring Theatre appears to be resulting in something practical, and the *Budler* describes the precautions against fire now imposed, either wholly or in part, by law, upon all the Vienna theatres. The chief dependence is placed upon the fire curtain. Once every evening at least this curtain must be lowered to its full extent in the presence of the audience. This is done between the acts, the intention being to render it absolutely certain that the curtain is in working order, and that there may be no flaw in the mechanism to be discovered at the wrong time. This nightly rehearsal of the fire curtain is said to render people cool when they see it descend, and to prevent their taking flight at it as a sign of danger. For this reason it is let down at unexpected moments, and sometimes more than once in the course of the evening. Another precaution now universally employed is to burn candles as well as gas in all the passages, galleries, and even in the body of the theatre itself, so that if the gas should be extinguished, or have to be cut off suddenly, the people would still be able to find their way out by candle light. The supplies of water on the roof are also placed under official control.

THE semi-official organ of the Russian Foreign office, the *Nord*, contains some interesting comments on Mr. Gladstone's interview with the Czar. There are, it says, some people who would prove that it is not important to be attached to the interviews of Fredensborg and the decks of the *Pemroke Castle*.—It, however, contends that even if Mr. Gladstone's voyage was undertaken without any political design, the visit of the Emperor of Russia to a statesman who plays so considerable a role in the Government of England cannot be a matter of indifference. The *Nord* characterises as "perfectly ridiculous" the reports that have been set afloat about the conclusion of alliances, and adds: "England is no less desirous than Russia for the maintenance of peace, whose first condition is the maintenance of the *status quo* in the Balkan Peninsula. Any understanding between these two Powers would have no other meaning than the strengthening of tranquillity in the Balkan Peninsula by the peaceful and normal development of the populations which inhabit it." The *Nord* asserts that the interest of both England and Russia being the preservation of peace, and the Austro-German alliance having the same aim, the Austrian and German press should, instead of complaining, congratulate itself on there being two such powerful auxiliaries to ensure the success of the pacific policy of two empires.

THE pupils at the Italian Convent, Caine Road, gave an operatic representation in the small theatre attached to the establishment yesterday afternoon in the presence of a large and fashionable audience, which included His Excellency the Governor, who was accompanied by the Misses Bowen, the Hon. W. H. Marsh and Mrs. Marsh, Bishop Raimondo, Monsieur de De-Jardin, consul for France, and Madame de De-Jardin, Mr. A. C. Romano, consul for Brazil, Mr. J. Loureiro, consul-general for Portugal, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Fleming, Mr. Jno. J. Francis and a host of other notables. The piece selected was of course a sacred one, and detailed the scenes leading up to the martyrdom of St. Dorothea. This young Christian Heroine, we are told, was born of a rich and noble family in Caesarea, and after being deprived of her parents at an early age was educated by a pious matron named Dru-silla. Tradition says that Dorothea suffered martyrdom for her faith in the early part of the fourth century of the Roman Church, during the tenth persecution ordered by the cruel Diocletian, Emperor of Pagan Rome. The young girls who essayed the leading parts in the representation had evidently bestowed careful study on the tasks allotted them, and worked very hard indeed to do justice to themselves and credit to their musical instructors. Candour compels us to own that the vocal efforts of the youthful performers were not particularly meritorious, still it may be conceded that under all the circumstances they got through a difficult undertaking fairly well. As evidence of the care bestowed in getting up the opera, it may be stated that throughout the whole three acts not a single hitch occurred, nor was the prompter's voice heard once. The dresses and stage effects were exceedingly pretty if not altogether appropriate.—Dorothea and the Roman Pro-Consul, Apricio, in white kid gloves were hardly in the fashion which prevailed during the reign of Diocletian—and the children in the choruses did capitally, the final scene and the chorus of angels forming a very effective tableau. We believe that it is the intention of the Lady Superior of the Italian Convent to sanction another performance of "St. Dorothea" for the especial gratification of the rising generation. This kindly meant arrangement should afford the youngsters an opportunity of passing a most enjoyable afternoon.

A COOLIE named Wong Afuk, with four previous convictions recorded against him, was committed for trial at the Supreme Court by Captain Thomsett, this morning, for being concerned with three others, who are not in custody, in attempting to rob a farmer of 100 taels of silver on the 29th ultimo.

WHILE the Parisians are discussing the possibilities of a war with China (says the Paris correspondent of the *Standard*), they are overlooking a very serious and much greater danger nearer home. "The interviews between the German and Austrian Emperors, between Prince Bismarck, Count Kalnooky, and General Manteuffel, and between Prince Hohenlohe and the King of Italy, ought to have warned them that there was danger at hand far nearer home than China. Roumania, Servia, Italy, and Spain have now become members of the Austro-German Alliance, and I have reason to believe that this alliance will very shortly have a practical result. It may not be next week or next month, but it will certainly not be long delayed when the German Government will take the initiative of a proposal which will have a startling effect throughout Europe. I am assured by a person whom I know to be in the confidence of Prince Bismarck that Germany has agreed with Austria and the other members of the alliance, which now embraces France, Russia, Denmark, and the Scandinavian Kingdoms, to propose a general Congress, with a view to a mutual and general disarmament. As to the time at which this thunderbolt of war is to be launched under pacific pretences I cannot say. But I am assured it has been assented to by Austria, Spain, and Italy, and I can hardly suppose that some inkling of the matter has not reached Her Majesty's Government. Some knowledge of it has certainly reached Russia, and it would render the *coup d'état* in Bulgaria intelligible enough. On the other hand, a Madrid correspondent telegraphs that public opinion in Spain has so strongly pronounced against any German alliance that the official organs have declared that King Alfonso's journey to Berlin and Vienna is not likely to lead to any treaty or alliance at present."

ANNUAL GRANTING OF LICENCES.

A special meeting of Justices of the peace was held at the Magistracy this forenoon, under the provisions of Ordinance No. 11 of 1884, to consider applications for licences for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors during the year commencing on the 1st proximo. There were present:—Mr. H. E. Wodehouse, chairman, Dr. Adams, Messrs. A. Seth, H. C. Setta, F. H. Arjane, H. M. Meta, J. S. Brewer, C. Ford, and D. Rutledge.

The first application brought forward was that of J. Gomes of the "Welcome" Tavern, which was granted, there being no police objection; the licence had been held for 14 years. The next application was from John Juster of the Central Hotel, who had held a licence 13 years. Mr. Wodehouse said that the applicant was fined \$5 on the 8th August last, for using threatening language, and that he kept a man in his employ who was convicted of felony. Chief Inspector Horne pointed out that the man had been robbed in the house, but that there was not much against the proprietor.—Dr. Adams enquired how long the man convicted of felony had been back in the house.—Mr. Juster said he did not know, but he would recommend that he should be got rid of.—Mr. Juster was then sent for, and informed by the Chairman that it appeared he kept a man in his employ who had been convicted of felony, and that it was not proper to keep such a person. There was no objection otherwise, but it was not proper to keep this man.—Mr. Juster replied that then he would discharge him. The man, he said, had had nothing to do, and since he came back he had behaved himself very well. He was not a seafaring man.—Mr. Wodehouse, after some conversation with Dr. Adams, said it was not necessary to discharge him, since he was behaving himself well, and that the licence was granted.

The application of John Humby of the "London Inn, who had held a licence for 12 years, was the next considered, and it was granted without any demur.

The application of James S. Lucas for a licence for the "Rose, Shamrock and Thistle" Hotel was the next brought forward. Mr. Wodehouse said that Lucas held an interim licence for two months, and that there were strong objections to its renewal unless he showed that the man Robertson, who previously held the licence, had nothing to do with the business. It was believed that Lucas was merely a blind for Robertson, a kind of dummy, and it was a question whether a licence should be granted to him. There was an unfavourable report of Robertson, who had been charged with maliciously destroying property,—his own.—Mr. Horspool said he had been told a falsehood by Lucas, who said that Robertson had gone to Cayman, whereas he was still in the colony. Mr. Horspool found it was all about this matter under the names "Sorabjee" and "Lucas," interchangeably, whereupon one of the *Parsee* Justices asked for an explanation. Mr. Horspool explained that Lucas was known by the name of "Sorabjee" when he was in the police force, but that he had since changed his cognomen to "Lucas." It was conceded, however, that the change was perfectly legitimate. Mr. Horspool, continuing, said that unless Lucas could clearly prove that he himself was the proprietor, he should not be granted a licence. Lucas was then called, and in reply to the Chairman, said he would carry on the house in his own name, and that he was not in any way interested with Robertson in the business. He had no interest with him since the last row.—Mr. Wodehouse asked for a guarantee to this effect, whereupon Lucas handed him some papers, of what nature we are not aware. The licence is being carried on by Lucas till the end of the present month.—Mr. Horspool remarked that if Lucas could satisfy him (Mr. Wodehouse) by the end of the month that Robertson has nothing to do with the business, a licence might be granted. It was eventually decided to let the application stand over until this day week, 13th, at 11 o'clock, and Lucas was directed to put himself meanwhile in communication with Chief Inspector Horspool, with a view to arranging matters.

Dorabjee Nowrojee, the well-known co-lessee of the Hongkong Hotel, was the next applicant for a licence for a new hotel he intends to start on Paga Central, to be called the "Victoria Hotel." This application was granted without opposition.

The applications of John Olson, of the "Ham-bury" Tavern; Louis Kirchmann, of the "Land we live in;" J. R. White of the "Ballon" Home,

F. W. Peterson of the "German" Tavern; and Jesse Cook of the "Star" Hotel, were then considered and granted without opposition. The application of F. A. Linde of the "Star" Hotel came next in order. Mr. Wodehouse said the applicant had held a licence 9 years. On the 11th January last he was fined \$10 for keeping a disorderly house, and had also been fined a dollar on two occasions for allowing an unmuzzled ferocious dog to be at large. He thought he ought to be cautioned, but there was no objection otherwise.—Dr. Adams said he considered the applicant should not be allowed to have a ferocious dog, especially as he had been convicted twice.—Mr. Horspool said it was very objectionable to have such a dog about the house.—Mr. Linde was then called, and told by the Chairman that there was no objection to granting him a licence except in regard to his dog. The applicant replied that he was going to give all his dogs away, having promised them to a German steamer, when she came back here, which would be probably in 10 or 12 days; he undertook to get rid of the dogs.—Mr. Wodehouse told the applicant that he would be careful, as he had been fined \$10. The licence was granted on condition that he got rid of the dogs. It was remarked casually by Mr. Horspool that the police considered the so-called ferocious dog a rather quiet sort of creature.

Mr. E. Jones Hughes' application for a licence for the Hongkong Hotel was the next considered. Some enquiries having been made by Dr. Adams as to whether the licence was applied for on behalf of the Directors, Mr. Hughes was called in, and stated they were going to run the Hotel under a manager. They had got a steward, who was for the present going to look after the bar and take charge. On next transfer day they would get the licence transferred to the manager. At present he was applying to enable them to run the Hotel from the 1st of next month. The application was made on behalf of the Company, so as not to have to close the hotel at the end of the month. It was a question whether the manager could remain in Hongkong, or come back by the 1st of December. In reply to Mr. Wodehouse, Mr. Hughes said he was not residing on the premises, but that if necessary he would do so to look after the hotel. The licence was then granted. This concluded the business of the meeting.

CRICKET.

UNIVERSITIES AND PUBLIC SCHOOLS v. THE REMAINDER.

A match, twelve sides, between teams representing the above-named contingents was commenced on the Cricket Ground on the afternoon of Friday, the 2nd instant. The weather was everything that could be desired for enjoyable cricket, and the "old man" had selected a capital pitch. The non-descript took first innings and some good play was shown, the Universities and Public Schools being treated to a rare dose of leather hunting, mainly through the exertions of Rice and Hynes, these two seasoned batsmen keeping possession of the wickets throughout the afternoon, and eventually sending the visiting team packing standing in their camps in the score book. At 5 p.m. the match was adjourned. The Universities, having amassed the respectable total of 210 runs with three wickets still to fall. There was a large attendance of spectators to witness the match, and proceedings were wonderfully enlivened by the presence of the band of the French flag ship, *Victorine*, which, by the kind permission of Admiral Meyer and the officers of the vessel, played a choice selection of music in excellent style.

Shortly after two o'clock the two Commissioners, Rice and Hynes, assumed the defence, D'Aeth and Lloyd being deputised to open the innings. Each batsman made three off D'Aeth's first essay, and the score was quickly raised to 14, when Hare, who had tottered half a dozen, sent the second ball of Lloyd's fourth over into the safe keeping of Jarrett. Bunbury had no sooner gained Rice than the left hander opened his shoulders and sent one from D'Aeth clean out of the ground for 5, and as the "Grand Old Buff" played up well, scoring a dozen in five hits, matters were pretty lively for the fielders. Just when Bunbury appeared well set, he was, unluckily enough, to send one back to the bowler (D'Aeth) which, it is almost needless to say, was gratefully accepted. At 37, the score was 100, and next man in and the stand of the day was made. Both batsmen hit the bowling to all parts of the field, causing numerous bowling changes to be resorted to. Porter, Hawkins, and Jarrett all having a turn, but without success. The total was increased to 177—140 having been put on since the fall of the previous wicket—when Lloyd clean bowled Rice, the retiring batsman having compiled 75—5, eleven 3's, &c.—by a sterling display of cricket. Farquhar was now associated with the old man, but after scoring 3 he was sent back, and his successor, Greaves, also failed to stay, 10th ball shattering his timber, and he had contributed to the score, single to the sum total. Five for 106. Plumbe joined Hynes, and the old Cambridge player. Wise took the ball from Jarrett. The new comer failed to score, and after Major Cochrane and Hynes had raised the total to 206, Wise, assisted by Hawkins at square leg, sent the pair to the pavilion with successive balls, the "catch" which dismissed Hynes being an excellent bit of cricket, for which Hawkins was deservedly applauded. Hynes had put together 90—5, and 24, 4's, 3's, 2's, 1's, 3's, 2's, and singles by a first class display of hard hitting. Hendry, Dr. Adams, and Dr. Gable kept their wickets intact until gun-fire, when the stumps were drawn for the night—the score register showing 210 runs for the loss of 8 wickets.

Play was resumed on Saturday morning shortly after 11 o'clock. Hendry and Dr. Gable, the "not-outs" of last night, continuing their innings. A good stand was made, and as the bowling was very weak at the commencement, runs came rapidly. Hendry was eventually stumped by Brackenbury of Jarrett for 5, well played 55, and his partner had, in fact, up at before succumbing to a catch by a "sub" from the same bowler. Sailer and Cattell (jointly added 33 to the score, when Hawkins bowled the first named, the innings closing for the formidable total of 274 runs. Wise was most successful in the bowling department, his three wickets only costing 34 runs. Jarrett had 3 for 67, Lloyd 2 for 91, D'Aeth 3 for 90, and Hawkins one for 7.

The Universities and Public Schools made an exceedingly poor show, only Porter (25) and Gordon (17) offering any effective resistance to the bowling of Hendry and Hynes. The eleventh bowling of Hendry and Hynes raised the total at 90. Hendry took 4 wickets for 14 runs, Hynes 4 for 30. Plumbe, for 18, and Bunbury one for 30. Following on their second innings was still more disastrous, 16 wickets falling for 9 runs. Then Whyte and Gordon got together and made a determined stand. When our report left at 4.45 the total had reached 30, with both batsmen well set.

The Universities and Public Schools sent in Jarrett (Hawkey) and Hawkins (Dulwich) to face the onslaught of Hendry and Hynes. No stand was made, Hendry falling to stop one from Hynes with the score at 18, and his successor, Lloyd (Shrewsbury) got his leg in front of the wicket, and was sent out without breaking his duck. HAWKINS was then clean bowled by Hendry, and Bunbury, who had taken the ball from Farquhar in his second over, had D'Aeth snarled caught by Gable, the Buff hand hitting

The Hongkong Telegraph.

No. 554.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1883.

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New Fire-guards and Coal Vases,
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Hongkong, 25th October, 1883. [340]

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CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES, MARINE
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TOTAL CAPITAL and
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Hongkong, 25th May, 1883. [83]

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Hongkong, 3rd November, 1883. [837]

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Hongkong, 1st September, 1882. [670]

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Secretary.**

**HEAD OFFICE,
No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.**
Hongkong, 1st February, 1883. [106]

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.
THE Undersigned have been instructed by
the COMMISSARY GENERAL OF ORDINANCE,
China, to Sell by Public Auction, on
THURSDAY,
the 8th day of November, 1883, at 11 A.M., at
Her Majesty's Ordnance Stores,
Queen's Road East.

THE FOLLOWING
GOVERNMENT STORES.
BLANKETS, CANVAS, CORDAGE,
GLASS, RUGS, SERGE, CAST and WROT.
IRON, LEATHER, COTTON, LINEN and
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GREAT COATS, CAPS, SERGE and
TWEED FROCKS, CLOTH TUNICS,
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TERMS of SALE.—Cash on delivery in Mexi-
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errors of description at Purchaser's risk on the
fall of the hammer. All Lots to be cleared
within 48 hours.

**LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.,
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Hongkong, 5th November, 1883. [829]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions
from the MORTGAGEE to Sell by Public
Auction, on
MONDAY,
the 12th November, 1883, on the Spot,—
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measuring on the North and South 50 feet,
East and West 150 feet or 7500 square feet.
Yearly Crown Rent £3.8.10. Held for 999
years from 16th January, 1860.

For Terms of Sale and Particulars, apply to
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Auctioneer.**
Hongkong, 1st November, 1883. [817]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions
from the MORTGAGEE, to Sell by Public
Auction, on
TUESDAY,
the 13th November, 1883, at THREE P.M.,
at the Premises,
THE
VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY,
Situate in Hollywood Victoria, Hongkong,
Comprising:—
All those Pieces or Parcels of GROUND,
registered in the Land Office as Sections
A, B, C, D and E, INLAND LOT No. 702,
with the Remaining Portion of INLAND
LOT 702, with the Messuages and Tenements
thereon being Nos. 239, 237, 235,
and Nos. 217, 215 and 213, Hollywood Road.
For Further Particulars and Conditions of
Sale, apply to
**J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer.**
Hongkong, 5th November, 1883. [830]

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IN
ELGIN TERRACE.**

**FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED
MODERATE TERMS.**

Apply to
**X. Y. Z.,
At the Office of this Paper.**
Hongkong, 1st November, 1883. [818]

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"STOCKWELL COTTAGE" near to the
Kowloon Club, British Kowloon,
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Servants' Rooms and Outhouses, Gardens and
Tennis Lawn, &c. Within Three Minutes Walk
of the Pier.
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Hongkong, 22nd September, 1883. [713]

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Hongkong, 1st August, 1883. [607]

TO LET.

"BISNEE VILLA" Pokfulum, Furnished.
Apply to
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Hongkong, 18th October, 1883. [7]

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"FAIRLEA" BONHAM ROAD.
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No. 19, HOLLYWOOD ROAD, now occupied
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Hongkong, 1st November, 1883. [820]

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Sporting Guns and Ammunition always
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[9]

Intimations.

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EX "AJAX."
COPE'S GOLDEN CLOUD. COPE'S STRAIGHT CUT.

EX "GLENFRUIN."
WILLS' BRISTOL BIRDS EYE. WILLS' THREE CASTLES.

WILLS' GOLDEN FLAKE HONEY DEW. WILLS' PRINCES MIXTURE.

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CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S CARDS,
A VERY FINE ASSORTMENT OF
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Hongkong, 24th October, 1883. **KELLY & WALSH.** [560]

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IN GREAT VARIETY.**

LETT'S DIARIES, FOR 1884.

GOLDEN CLOUD TOBACCO.
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A Quantity of NOVELTIES IN PLUSH and BRASS GOODS.
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Hongkong, 6th November, 1883.

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TO ARRIVE PER S.S. "GLENEAGLES."

SPECIALITIES IN CHRISTMAS CARDS.

**SAYLE & CO.,
VICTORIA EXCHANGE, HONGKONG.** [730]

Hongkong, 1st November, 1883.

ROSE & CO.
HAVE JUST OPENED.

NEW BLACK, AND COLORED SILKS.

FRENCH BROCHE GAUZES.

COLORED SILK VELVETS and VELVETEENS.

STAMPED VELVETS and VELVETEENS.

BLACK VELVETS and VELVETEENS.

NUNS' VEIL CLOTH in all New Shades.

BLACK & COLORED CASHMERES.

CASHMERE, SILK, AND BEADED JERSEYS.

BOYS' JERSEY SUITS.

KID AND SUEDE GLOVES.

ALSO
THE NEW JERSEY SUEDE GLOVES.

LACES, FEATHERS, FLOWERS, &c.

LADIES' FELT HATS.

PARIS MILLINERY AND TRIMMED HATS.

MANTLES, FISHUS and CHIFFON CAPES.

**ROSE & Co.,
31 AND 33, QUEEN'S ROAD.** [716]

Hongkong, 23rd October, 1883.

Notices of Firms.

**NORTH BORNEO COMPANY'S
IMMIGRATION OFFICE.**

NOTICE.

DURING the absence of the Undersigned
and until further notice, Mr. FREDERICK
RICKARDS will take charge of the
business of this department of the BRITISH
NORTH BORNEO COMPANY.

(Signed) W. H. MEINHURST,
Commissioner for
Immigration,
B. N. B. Co.
Hongkong, 3rd November, 1883. [825]

NOTICE.

MR. CHU KWON NAM has this day left
his employment and has no longer any
AUTHORITY to Sign for Our Firm.

(Signed) AH YON & Co.,
(SHING HING).
Hongkong, 3rd November, 1883. [826]

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have been appointed
Agents of the CHINA SHIPPERS'
MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION COM-
PANY, LIMITED.

ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co.
Hongkong, 19th October, 1883. [786]

NOTICE.

FROM this date Messrs. RUSSELL & Co.
will conduct our Business at this Port, and
all Communications should be addressed to them.
Messrs. RUSSELL & Co. will also act as Agents
at this Port for our line of Steamers.

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.
Hongkong, 1st August, 1883. [606]

Intimations.

AVIS.

UNE ADJUDICATION PUBLIQUE, sur
soumissions cachetées, aura lieu en la
CHANCELLERIE DU CONSULAT DE FRANCE à
Hongkong, le MERCREDI 14 Novembre cou-
rant, à 2 h. de l'après midi, pour la four-
niture, en 4 livraisons de 1500 tonnes CHAQUE
du ter au 10 de chaque mois à partir du 1er Dé-
cembre, 1883, de 6000 tonnes de CHARBON de
Newcastle d'Australie, livrables à Hongkong,
pour le compte du service administratif du
TONKIN, Le cahier des clauses et conditions du
contrat est déposé à la disposition du public à la
Chancellerie du Consulat de France à Hongkong.

G. DE MONTJAMONT,
Le Sous-Commissaire de la Division
de Chine et du Japon.
Hongkong, le 3 Novembre, 1883. [831]

**CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
LIMITED.**

**ADJUSTMENT OF BONUS FOR THE
YEAR 1882.**

SHAREHOLDERS are hereby requested to
send in to this Office a List of their Con-
tributions of Premia for the year ended 31st
December last, in order that the proportion of
Profit for that year to be paid as Bonus to Con-
tributors may be arranged. Returns not sent in
before the 30th November next, will be made up
by the Company, and no subsequent claims or
alterations will be allowed.

By Order of the Directors,
**JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,
Secretary.**
Hongkong, 1st September, 1883. [673]

INTIMATION.

SIGNOR ANTONIO CATTANEO, of the
CONSERVATOIRE DE BERGAMO and late
of the ROYAL ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY has
the honor to inform the community that he has
arranged to remain in Hongkong, and will give
lessons in Music, Singing and the Pianoforte.
CHARGES STRICTLY MODERATE.

Address—Messrs. KELLY & WALSH,
Queen's Road.
Hongkong, 1st March, 1883. [168]

A CARD.

PRIVATE BOARD AND LODGING
can be obtained for
SINGLE GENTLEMAN OR MARRIED COUPLES
AT
No. 6, QUEEN'S ROAD EAST.
Next Door to the Temperance Hall.
Terms Moderate.
Hongkong, 10th July, 1883. [552]

WANTED TO RENT.

A LARGE STABLE.

Apply to
**R. FRASER-SMITH,
Hongkong Telegraph Office.**
Hongkong, 24th October, 1883.

**ROYAL YORK HOTEL,
OLD STYKE, BRIGHTON, ENGLAND.**

THE above HOTEL is Centrally situated,
with Suitable Rooms and ample accom-
modation for travellers, especially those coming
from Eastern Climates. FAMILIES and GENTLE-
MEN will find every comfort they can wish for at
the above establishment.

**A. HOADLY,
Proprietor.** [503]

**"CLARIDGE'S HOTEL,"
BROOK STREET, LONDON, W.**

THE above is a Commodious and Suitable
HOTEL for FAMILIES and GENTLEMEN
going home from the Far East. It is under the
direct able Management of Mr. and Mrs.
GEORGE PRAGNELL, who spare no pains in
providing their visitors with every possible
comfort.

**HOP SHING & CO.
ENGINEERS, BOILER MAKERS,
COPPER SMITHS, BRASS AND
IRON FOUNDERS, &c.**

HAVING this day commenced Business, we
are ready to undertake work of the
above descriptions under the Supervision of an
EXPERIENCED EUROPEAN.

Orders executed with the utmost despatch and
at MODERATE TERMS.

REPAIRS OF ALL
ENGINE ROOM STORES SUPPLIED.

NESS IRON WORKS.

WEST POINT, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 25th September, 1883. [718]

Shipping.

STEAMERS.

**THE CHINA AND MANILA STEAMSHIP
COMPANY, LIMITED.**

FOR MANILA, VIA AMOY.

THE Company's Steamship
"DIAMANTE"
Captain Cullen, will be despatched for the above
Ports TO-MORROW, the 7th instant, at Five
P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
**RUSSELL & Co.,
General Managers.**
Hongkong, 5th November, 1883. [828]

**NOUVELLE COMPAGNIE MARSEILLAISE
DE NAVIGATION A VAPEUR.**

THE Steamship
"LIBAN,"
Labie, Commander, will sail on or about
the 12th November, for MARSEILLES,
via SAIGON, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO,
ADEN and SUEZ, and with leave to call at
PENANG and TUTICORIN. In connection
with these Steamers the Company runs a Line
from MARSEILLES to HAVRE and LONDON,
leaving MARSEILLES after arrival of the
Steamer from CHINA.

The Company also runs Steamers regularly
from MARSEILLES to numerous Ports in the
MEDITERRANEAN and BLACK SEA, by
which through freight may be booked.

The Company has a Forwarding Agency at
Paris, 9, Rue de Rougemont, giving special
facilities to Shippers.

Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and
Stewards.

The Line is noted for its Cuisine and Beer
and Table Wines are included in the Passage
Money.

RETURN TICKETS are now granted by
the Steamers of this line available for the
undermentioned periods, to be reckoned from
the date of arrival at Marseilles of the Steamer
for which the Ticket is issued to the date of
re-embarkation there of the Holder of the
Ticket.

Special rates are arranged for families.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
**ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,
Agents.**
Hongkong, 5th November, 1883. [754]

SAILING VESSELS.

FOR NEW YORK.

THE 3/3 L. I. German Ship
"OTTO,"
Fortmann, Master, will load here for the above
Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, 1st November, 1883. [819]

FOR NEW YORK.

THE 3/3 L. I. German Ship
"GUSTAV & OSCAR,"
Seemann, Master, will load here for the above
Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, 25th October, 1883. [803]

Mails.

**OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAM-
SHIP COMPANY.**

**TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS TO
JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES,
MEXICO,
CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA, AND
EUROPE;**

VIA